

## Grammar – Gerunds

### When to Use Gerunds – Typical Phrases

All the **phrases** below can be followed by **gerunds**. They **cannot** be followed by **to + infinitive**.

For example:

They are capable of **working** hard. ✓

They are capable **to work** hard. ✗

Write a sentence using each **phrase + gerund** collocation:

- |                          |          |       |
|--------------------------|----------|-------|
| 1. be capable of         | + gerund | _____ |
| 2. be keen on            | + gerund | _____ |
| 3. be used to            | + gerund | _____ |
| 4. be worth              | + gerund | _____ |
| 5. can't help            | + gerund | _____ |
| 6. carry on              | + gerund | _____ |
| 7. despite / in spite of | + gerund | _____ |
| 8. feel like             | + gerund | _____ |
| 9. give up               | + gerund | _____ |
| 10. have fun             | + gerund | _____ |
| 11. insist on            | + gerund | _____ |
| 12. keep on              | + gerund | _____ |
| 13. look forward to      | + gerund | _____ |
| 14. miss out on          | + gerund | _____ |
| 15. no point             | + gerund | _____ |
| 16. put off              | + gerund | _____ |
| 17. spend time           | + gerund | _____ |
| 18. the result of        | + gerund | _____ |
| 19. what about           | + gerund | _____ |
| 20. would you mind       | + gerund | _____ |

Answers may vary