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Vocabulary – Word Groups

6 Important Word Groups in English (Gap-Fill)

Homonyms: same **sounds** and **spelling** but different **meanings**; cause problems with **reading**:

Homonym:	Meaning 1:	Meaning 2:
bright	<i>light</i>	<i>intelligent</i>
can		
fly		
glass		
lie		

Homonym:	Meaning 1:	Meaning 2:
mouse		
orange		
play		
watch		
wave		

Homophones: same **sounds** but different **spellings** and **meanings**; cause problems with **spelling**:

Word 1:	Word 2:
aren't	<i>arent</i>
ate	
buy	
eye	
flour	

Word 1:	Word 2:
hear	
hole	
hour	
it's	
knew	

Word 1:	Word 2:
meat	
one	
plain	
red	
right	

Word 1:	Word 2:
sea	
son	
wait	
weather	
wood	

Homographs: same **spelling** but different **sounds** and **meanings**; cause problems with **pronunciation**:

Homograph:	Noun:	Verb:
insult	<i>abuse</i>	<i>offend</i>
invite		
present		
record		
transport		

Homograph:	Word 1:	Word 2:
close		
live		
read		
tear		
use		

Using **synonyms** helps to make our **writing** more interesting and raise the level:

Word 1:	Word 2:
big	<i>large</i>
bus	
but	
by	
coat	

Word 1:	Word 2:
eat	
find	
good	
hot	
long	

Word 1:	Word 2:
loud	
nearly	
on	
party	
slowly	

Word 1:	Word 2:
soon	
under	
usually	
walk	
work	

Learning words and their **antonyms** together allows us to increase our **vocabulary** twice as fast:

Adjectives:	
best	<i>worst</i>
easy	
good	
hot	
quiet	

Nouns:	
day	
floor	
man	
question	
work	

Adverbs:	
always	
before	
fast	
more	
now	

Verbs:	
buy	
give	
go	
open	
start	

A **minimal pair** is a set of two words that have the same sounds apart from one different sound:

Vowel Sound (Middle):	
ball	<i>bowl</i>
get	
mat	
ship	
will	

Initial Con Sound:	
bed	
feet	
fun	
learn	
rose	

Middle Con. Sound:	
eaten	
hobby	
meaning	
pedal	
simple	

Final Con. Sound:	
card	
gate	
made	
rice	
yes	